

RLUs_Polygons Legend

TRANSPORTED REGOLITH

Alluvial sediments

Red-brown sand, silt and clay with lithic clast quartz fragments and sub rounded to sub angular gravel. Dominated by shrubland.

Red-brown sand, silt and clay with angular non-spherical lithic guartz fragments up to pebble size with angular non-spherical guartzose lag up to cobble size with angular magnetic pisoliths. Dominated by shrubland and grass with isolated, white cypress pine (Callitris glaucophylla).

This unit has a flat-bottomed channel approximately 2-4 m wide and 2 m deep. Regolith materials present include yellow-brown sand and silt with sub-rounded, non-spherical lithic clasts up to medium pebble size and rounded, spherical ferruginous magnetic pisoliths up to granule size. Vegetation includes white cypress pine (Callitris glaucophylla), bimble box (E. populnea subs. Bimbi) shrubland of budda (Eremophila mitchellii) and hop bush (Dodonea viscose subsp.).

This regolith-landform unit runs through the north-eastern conner of the mapping region. This unit has a flat-bottomed channel approximately 2 m wide and 0.5m deep. Regolith materials include dark brown sand, silt and clay with sub-rounded, non-spherical lithic clast up to medium pebble size and rounded, spherical ferruginous magnetic pisoliths up to granule size. The dominant vegetation is white cypress pine (Callitris glaucophylla)

Sub-rounded to sub-angular quartz and lithic sand, silt and clay. Occasionally gravels are found within depressions containing minor channels. Vegetation includes shrubs with isolated showy daisy bush (Oleraia pimeleoided), mulga grass (Thy idolepis mithcelian) and Solanum species.

Sub-rounded to sub angular quartz and lithic sand silt and minor gravels within low relief areas. Vegetation includes low wilga(Geijera parvilflora), the gray copper burr (Sclerolaena diacantha) and crimson f oxtail (Ptilorts atriplicifolius)

Colluvial sediments

This unit is characterised by its slight relief (0-9m). Regolith material present consists of yellow-brown sand and silt with very angular, non-shperical lithic clasts up to cobble size. Sub-angular, non-spherical ferruginous materials up to medium size and sub-angular, non-spherical ferruginous pisoliths up to gravel size. The regolith material is poorly sorted. Vegetation includes scattered white cypress pine (Callitis glaucophylla), bimble box (E. populnea subsp. Bimbi), red box (E. intertexta) and low wilga (Geijera parviflora), the grey copper burr (Sclerolana diacacta) crimson f oxtail (Ptilotus atriplicifooius), galvanized burr (S. burchii), s ilver c assia (Senna species), s howy daisy bush (Ollearia pimeleoides), mulga grass (Thyridolepis mithchelina), Solanum species, wheat grass, red grass, stubble from mixed grain crop, s afron thistle, black o ats and broam.

This unit is characterized by its elevated slope (>5 %) and its increased topographic relief (0-9m). Regolith materials include brown sand and silt with very angular, non-rounded, non-spherical, ferruginous magnetic pisoliths up to granule size. Vegetaion includes white cypress pine (Callitris glau-CHer2 cophylla), bimble box (E. populnea subsp. Bimbi), red box (E. intertexta) and low wilga (Geijera parviflora), the grey copper burr (Sclerolaena siacantha), crimson f oxtail (Ptilotus atriplicifolius), g alvanized burr (S.burchii), s ilver cassia (Senna species), s howy d aisy bush (Olearia pimeleoides), mulga grass (Thyridolepis mithcheliana), Solanum species, native wheat grass, red grass, stubble from mixed grain crop, Safron thistle, black oats and broam.

This regolith-landform unit is in the northern margins of the mapping region. This unit is characterized by its slight elevated slope (>5%) and increased topographic relief (0-9m), The dominant regolith materials include brown sand and silt with ferruginous, poorly sorted lithic clasts up to cobble size with angular, non-spherical quartzose materials also up to cobble size and coarse lithic quartz, sand and gravel lags with maghemite. Vegetation includes white cypress pine (Callitris glaucophylla), bimble box (E. populnea subsp. Bimbi), red box (E. intertexta) and low wilga (Geijera parviflora), the grey c opper burr (Sclerolaena diacantha), crimson f oxtail (Ptilotus atriplicifolius), galvanized burr (S.burchii), silver cassia (Senna species), showy daisy bush (Oleari pimeleoides), mulga grass (Thyridoliepis mithceliana), Solanum species, native w heat grass, r ed grass, stubble from mixed grain crop, Safron thistle, black o ats and broam.

This regolith-landform unit contains sub angular to rounded lithic quartz, sand and gravels within low relief areas. other surface materials are red-CHpd1 brown loamy soil and silt with a lot of ferruginous materals and minor maghemite. Angular and non-spherical lithic quartz up to pebble size are very common. Vegetaion includes white cypress pine (Callitris glaucophylla), bimble box (E. populnea subsp. Bimbi), red box (E. intertexta) and low wilga (Geijera parviflora), the grey copper burr (Sclerolaena diacantha), crimson f oxtail (Ptilotus atriplicifolius), galvanized burr (S.burchii), silver cassia (Senna species), showy daisy bush (Oleari pimeleoides), mulga grass (Thyridoliepis mithceliana), Solanum species, native wheat grass, red grass, stubble from mixed grain crop, Safron t histle, black o ats and broam.

This unit contains red-brown loamy sand and silt with lots of ferruginous materials. Angular and non spherical lithic quartz up to cobble size are very common .Vegetation includes scattered white cypress pine (Callitris glaucophylla), bimble box (E. populneasubsp. Bimbi), Red Box (E. intertexta) and low wilga (Geijera parviflora), the grey copper burr (Sclerolaena diacantha), crimson f oxtail (Ptilotus atriplicifolius), galvanized burr (Scburchii), silver cassia (Senna species), showy daisy bush (Oleari pimeleoides), mulga grass (Thyridoliepis mithceliana), Solanum species. native wheat grass, red grass, stubble from mixed grain crop, Safron t histle, black o ats and broam.

Paved main Barrier Highway and Nyngan to Cober Railway line. Vegetation includes native species.

Paved and landscaped area including the immediate surroundings of Domestic dwelling, dug out water tanks and farm machinery. Surface lags are highly variable. Vegetation include abundant species in most cases.

IN-SITU REGOLITH Saprock

FILL

This regolith material include microcrystalline quartz vein, serpentinite ultramafic rock, kaolinite, chlorite schist and micaceous quartzite. Vegetationincludes scattered white cypress pine (Callitris glaucophylla), bimble box (E. populnea subsp. Bimbi), red box (E.intertexta) and low wilga (Geijera parviflora), the grey copper burr (Sclerolaena diacantha), crimson f oxtail (Ptilotus atriplicifolius), galvanized Burr (S.burchii), silver cassia (Senna species), s howy daisy bush (Oleari pimeleoides), mulga grass (Thyridoliepis mithceliana), Solanum species, native wheat grass, red grass, stubble from mixed grain crop, s afron thistle, black o ats and broam.

Landforms1

Regolith¹ a - Alluvial Landform ap - Alluvial Plain **AC - Channel Sediments** pd - Depositional Plain **CH - Colluvial Sediments** ed - Drainage Depression F - Fill

er - Erosional Rise SM - Moderately Weathm - Man Made ered Bedrock

¹C. Pain, R. Chan, M. Craig, D. Gibson, P. Ursem & J. Wilford, RTMAP Regolith Database Field Book and Users Guide (Second Edition)

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